Maryland Historical Trust

Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number: F-3	~43				
Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties number: F-3	Tel Fishing Crack				
,					
The bridge referenced herein was inventoried by the Maryland State Highway Administration as part of the Historic Bridge Inventory, and SHA provided the Trust with eligibility determinations in February 2001. The Trust accepted the Historic Bridge Inventory on April 3, 2001. The bridge received the following determination of eligibility.					
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST Eligibility RecommendedX Eligibility Not Recommended					
Criteria:ABCD Considerations:A					
Comments:					
Reviewer, OPS:_Anne E. Bruder	Date:3 April 2001				

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

NAME AND SHA NO.: F-2004

LOCATION Road Name and Number: Lewistown Road over Fishing Creek City/Town: Middletown X vicinity County: Frederick
Ownership: _ State X County _ Municipal _ Other
Bridge projects over: _ Road _ Railway X Water _ Land
Is bridge located within designated district?: _ yes X no NR listed district _ NR determined eligible district locally designated _ other Name of District _
BRIDGE TYPE
Timber Bridge Beam Bridge Truss-Covered Trestle Timber-and-Concrete
Stone Arch Bridge
Metal Truss Bridge
Moveable Bridge Swing Bascule Single Leaf Bascule Multiple Leaf Vertical Lift Retractile Pontoon
Metal Girder Rolled Girder Rolled Girder Concrete Encased Plate Girder Plate Girder Concrete Encased
Metal Suspension
Metal Arch
Metal Cantilever
X Concrete Concrete Arch Other Type Name 667

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

DESCRIPTION

Describe the Setting:

Bridge F-2004 carries Lewistown Road over Fishing Creek in north central Frederick County. Lewistown Road runs east and west, while Weldon Creek flows north to south. The stream splits as it courses around an island slightly south of the bridge and then the branches rejoin to flow under the structure. The stream then appears to divide into two branches north of the bridge. Located in the Piedmont physiographic province, a region characterized by variegated topography created by rivers and streams cutting through the valley, the bridge is surrounded by wooded parcels, agricultural fields, and farm complexes at the east and west ends.

Describe the Superstructure and Substructure: (Discuss points identified in Context Addendum, Section C)

Bridge F-2004, a double-span concrete beam structure, has a total bridge length of 56'; each span measures 28' feet in length. The 25' wide roadway with a 2" bituminous deck carries two lanes of traffic. Five concrete beams support the reinforced concrete slab. The concrete deck and the concrete slab are integrated with the girders. The 2'-6" high solid concrete parapets features alternating inset rectangular and raised square panels. Steel W-beam guardrails run along the approach roadway but are not attached to the ends of the parapets. The substructure consists of concrete cantilevered abutments, a concrete solid shaft pier, and 18' concrete wing walls at the northeast, southeast, and southwest corners; the northwest wing wall measures 20'.

Recent inspection reports indicate that numerous hairline cracks exist in the beams and the underside of the deck. Also, the concrete shelf supporting the parapets is deteriorated with exposed, rusted rebars. Defects in the substructure include severe cracks in the wing walls and erosion and scour at the northern end of the pier.

A survey of historic concrete beam bridges undertaken by the Maryland State Highway Administration in the Fall of 1995 identified 113 bridges of that type located throughout the state. Nearly one-quarter (26) of that total were double-span bridges; 37 bridges (33%) were multiple span.

Discuss major alterations:

According to available documentary evidence, this bridge has not undergone any major alterations.

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

HISTORY

When Built: 1920-1925

Why Built: Statewide road improvement programs and local transportation needs.

Who Built: Unknown Who Designed: Unknown

Why Altered: N/A

Was this bridge built as part of an organized bridge building campaign?: No

This bridge was built during the Good Roads Movement era but was not one of the primary corridors slated for improvement.

SURVEYOR ANALYSIS

This bridge may have NR significance for association with:

_ A (Events) _ B (Person) _ C (Engineering/Architectural Character)

Was this bridge constructed in response to significant events in Maryland or local history?

The improvement of Frederick County roads most likely resulted from several events that occurred during the first three decades of the twentieth century. The original Good Roads movement was aimed toward improving the primary routes through the state as well as connecting roads between counties. A later impact of this crusade included the widening, straightening, and grading of secondary roads, and construction of new bridges to carry these rebuilt roads. Further, the rapid increase of automobile, truck, and bus traffic prompted the replacement of the existing narrow and weak bridges with new, wider, and stronger concrete structures. As time, labor, and money-saving plans created by the State Roads Commission (SRC), the establishment of district engineering offices during the 1910s and the development of standardized bridge designs also aided in the construction of modern bridges throughout the state. During the 1920s, emphasis of the SRC was on improving safety and comfort of main routes while building up the secondary roads and the farm-to-market network of feeder roads. By the 1930s, bridges believed to be adequate when initial road reconstruction was undertaken became unacceptable for modern traffic and many new structures were constructed.

When the bridge was built, and/or given a major alteration, did it have a significant impact on the growth and development of the area?

No, the construction of this bridge did not play an active role in the growth or development of this portion of Frederick County.

MARYLAND INVENTORY OF HISTORIC PROPERTIES
HISTORIC BRIDGE INVENTORY
MARYLAND STATE HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION
MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

Is the bridge located in an area which may be eligible for historic designation, and would the bridge add or detract from the historic and visual character of the possible district?

No, this bridge is not located within an area which is eligible for historic district designation.

Is the bridge a significant example of its type?

Yes, due to its apparent lack of major alterations and fair condition, this bridge stands as a significant example of its type.

Does the bridge retain integrity of the important elements described in the Context Addendum?

Yes, this bridge retains integrity of its character defining elements. Although recent reports indicate that the structure exhibits signs of age and wear, including cracking and deteriorating of the deck, girders, and wing walls, none of these character defining elements has been replaced or removed.

Is the bridge a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer, and why?

No, this bridge is not a significant example of the work of the manufacturer, designer, and/or engineer. This bridge was most likely built to standard state specifications, which corresponded to the structure's span length and year.

Should this bridge be given further study before significance analysis is made, and why?

No, this bridge should not receive further study.

BIBLIOGRAPHY

1908

Crosby, Walter Wilson

1906 First Report on State Highway Construction (May 1905-January 1906). The Johns Hopkins Press, Baltimore.

Second Report on State Highway Construction (January 1906-January 1908). The Johns Hopkins Press, Baltimore.

Date: 13 May 1996

Telephone: (717) 691-1340

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Frederick County Department of Public Works

Bridge inspection reports. Located in the files of the Bureau of Highways and Transportation, Frederick County Department of Public Works, Frederick, Maryland.

Johnson, A.N.

1903 Third Report on the Highways of Maryland (1902-1903). The Johns Hopkins Press, Baltimore.

LeViness, Charles T.

1958 A History of Road Building in Maryland. State Roads Commission of Maryland, Baltimore.

P.A.C. Spero and Company and Louis Berger and Associates, Inc.

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State Roads Commission of Maryland

1930 Reports of the State Roads Commission of Maryland for the Years 1927, 1928, 1929, and 1930. State of Maryland, State Roads Commission, Baltimore.

SURVEYOR INFORMATION

Name:

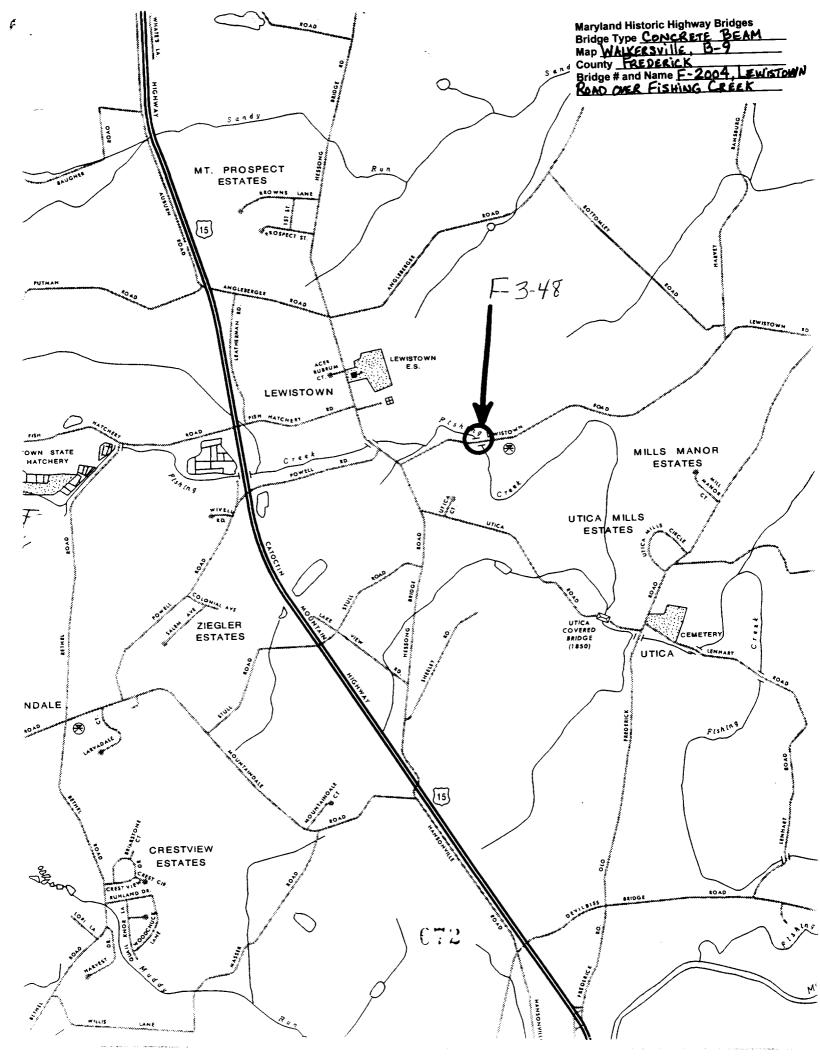
Margaret A. Bishop

Organization:

KCI Technologies, Inc.

Address:

5001 Louise Dr., Suite 201 Mechanicsburg, PA 17055





Inventory # <u>F-3-48</u>

Name F200-County/State Name of PhotoDate 2 0	tographer	FRANK	JUL	ANO	CREEK
Location of N	legative _	SHAT	n OSHF	20	
Description .					

Number 49 of 354



Inventory # F-3-4-8

Name F2004-LEWIS TOWN RO OVER FISHING CREEK County/State FREDERICK COUNTY/MD Name of Photographer FRANK JULIAND Date
Location of Negative
Description <u>ELEVATION</u> LOOKING SOUTH
Number 20 of 35 A



Inventory # F - 3 - 48

Name F2004 - LEWISTOWN PLO UNER FISHING CAEEK
County/State EXEDERICK COUNTY/MO
Name of Photographer FRANK JULIANO
Date2195_
Location of Negative
Description _ APPRIACH EAST

Number 21 of 354



Inventory # <u>F-3-48</u>

Name F2004 - LEWISTOWN RO OVER FISHING CREEK
County/State FREDERICK COUNTY MD
Name of Photographer FRANK JULIANO
Date 295
Location of Negative _SHA
Description <u>ELEVATION</u> LODKING EAST
Description ELEVATION WORING EAST

Number 22 of 35